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♦ THIS MONTH IN ANESTHESIOLOGY	9A
♦ EDITORIAL VIEWS	
The Innovative Anesthesiology Curriculum the Future Catherine M. Kuhn	: A Challenge and Hope for
Sepsis and Therapeutic Hypercapnia: Sailin Erik R. Swenson	ng Too Close to the Wind?
An Ounce of Prevention May Equate to a P and Intervention Prevent Adverse Events? John P. Abenstein and Bradly J. Narr	Pound of Cure: Can Early Detection 272
"Therapeutic Hypercapnia" after Ischemic for Neuroprotection? Ansgar Brambrink and Andrea Orfanakis	Brain Injury: Is There a Potential 274
Standard Care, Standards for Care, or Stand John F. Butterworth, IV and James P. Rathmell	dard of Care? 277
Effect of Ventilator-induced Lung Injury of Guido Musch and Jeanine P. Wiener-Kronish	n Skeletal Muscle Oxidative Balance 279
■ PERIOPERATIVE MEDICINE	
→ Impact of Pulse Oximetry Surveillance on I Transfers: A Before-and-After Concurrence Andreas H. Taenzer, Joshua B. Pyke, Susan P. McGrat The authors implemented a patient surveillance system bas violation of alarm limits via wireless pager. Data were cold implementation of the system. The primary outcomes were unit (ICU) comparing before and after the monitoring cha 1,000 patient discharges and ICU transfers from 5.6 to 2. surveillance can improve outcomes in a postoperative ortho postoperative units also.	Study th, and George T. Blike sed on pulse oximetry with nursing notification of lected for 11 months before and 10 months after rescue events and transfers to the intensive care ange. Rescue events decreased from 3.4 to 1.2 per 9 per 1,000 patient days. Continuous patient
◆ Effects of Permissive Hypercapnia on Trans Ischemia—Reperfusion Injury in Rats Qiang Zhou, Bo Cao, Li Niu, Xiaoguang Cui, Hongwei Y Mild to moderate hypercapnia is neuroprotective after trans	$^{\prime}$ u, Jinfeng Liu, Haibo Li, and Wenzhi Li
◆ Factor VII Levels and International Normal Warfarin Therapy Honorio T. Benzon, Michael J. Avram, Hubert A. Benzon The range of factor VII activities in the patients with interwithin 12 h of warfarin therapy is compatible with adequations.	lized Ratios in the Early Phase of 298 on, Misty Kirby-Nolan, and Antoun Nader rnational normalized ratios of more than 1.4 ate hemostasis.
	Continued on page 14A
 Refers to This Month in Anesthesiology Refers to Editorial Views 	See Supplemental Digital ContentCME Article

	Isoflurane Does Not Affect Brain Cell Death, Hippocampal Neurogenesis, or Long-term Neurocognitive Outcome in Aged Rats Greg Stratmann, Jeffrey W. Sall, Joseph S. Bell, Rehan S. Alvi, Laura d. V. May, Ban Ku, Mitra Dowlatshahi, Ran Dai, Philip E. Bickler, Isobel Russell, Michael T. Lee, Margit W. Hrubos, and Cheryl Chiu	305
	In aged rats, the authors were unable to detect any effect of isoflurane on brain cell death, hippocampal neurogenesis, or long-term neurocognitive function.	
	Brainstem Regions Affecting Minimum Alveolar Concentration and Movement Pattern during Isoflurane Anesthesia Steven L. Jinks, Milo Bravo, Omar Satter, and Yuet-Ming Chan Minimum alveolar concentration and movement were reduced after removal of the midbrain locomotor region, where periminimum alveolar concentration isoflurane reduced neuronal responses. Descending locomotor command increases minimum alveolar concentration and repetitive movement during anesthesia; descending nociceptive modulation lends smaller contributions.	316
\Diamond	Comparison of Single-use and Reusable Metal Laryngoscope Blades for Orotracheal Intubation during Rapid Sequence Induction of Anesthesia: A Multicenter Cluster Randomized Study Julien Amour, Yannick Le Manach, Marie Borel, François Lenfant, Armelle Nicolas-Robin, Aude Carillion, Jacques Ripart, Bruno Riou, and Olivier Langeron Compared with reusable metal blades, the use of single-use metal laryngoscope blades decreased the risk of failed intubation during rapid sequence induction of anesthesia	325
	Propofol Anesthesia Significantly Alters Plasma Blood Levels of Melatonin in Rats Garance Dispersyn, Laure Pain, and Yvan Touitou Short-duration propofol anesthesia disturbs the 24-h pattern of plasmatic melatonin in rats. Concentrations of melatonin decrease at recovery during the first 3 h and increase after 20 h.	333
	Perioperative Tobacco Interventions by Chinese Anesthesiologists: Practices and Attitudes Yu Shi, Chunhua Yu, Ailun Luo, Yuguang Huang, and David O. Warner This is the first survey of Chinese anesthesiologists regarding their practices and attitudes with regard to tobacco control and provides information that will inform future efforts in tobacco control among surgical patients in China.	338
	Continuous Peripheral Nerve Blocks: Is Local Anesthetic Dose the Only Factor, or Do Concentration and Volume Influence Infusion Effects as Well? Brian M. Ilfeld, Lisa K. Moeller, Edward R. Mariano, Vanessa J. Loland, Jennifer E. Stevens-Lapsley, Adam S. Fleisher, Paul J. Girard, Michael C. Donohue, Eliza J. Ferguson, and Scott T. Ball For continuous posterior lumbar plexus blocks, local anesthetic concentration and volume do not influence nerve block characteristics. This finding suggests that local anesthetic dose (mass) is the primary determinant of perineural infusion effects.	347
	Comparison of Anesthetic Depth Indexes Based on Thalamocortical Local Field Potentials in Rats Aura Silva, Hélder Cardoso-Cruz, Francisco Silva, Vasco Galhardo, and Luís Antunes Indexes of anesthetic depth were derived from cortical and thalamic local field potentials of rats during steady-state isoflurane anesthesia. Their performance was compared, and high thalamocortical coherence was observed.	355
	Adverse Events with Medical Devices in Anesthesia and Intensive Care Unit Patients Recorded in the French Safety Database in 2005–2006 Laurent Beydon, Pierre Yves Ledenmat, Christophe Soltner, Frédéric Lebreton, Vincent Hardin, Dan Benhamou, François Clergue, and Gérard Laguenie Adverse events involving medical devices that were reported in anesthesia and intensive care units in France in 2005–2006 were less severe than in 1998 but were more often related to inappropriate use and manufacturing problems.	364

Continued on page 17A

Characterization of the Postconditioning Effect of Dexmedetomidine in Mouse Organotypic Hippocampal Slice Cultures Exposed to Oxygen and Glucose Deprivation Souhayl Dahmani, Danielle Rouelle, Pierre Gressens, and Jean Mantz Dexmedetomidine exhibits postconditioning against oxygen and glucose deprivation in mouse organotypic hippocampal slice cultures. These effects involved both the focal adhesion kinase-Akt and the extracellular-regulated kinase 1&2-mitochondrial ATP-dependent K channel pathways.	373
CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE	
Redox Balance and Cellular Inflammation in the Diaphragm, Limb Muscles, and Lungs of Mechanically Ventilated Rats Judith Marín-Corral, Leticia Martínez-Caro, José A. Lorente, Marta de Paula, Lara Pijuan, Nicolas Nin, Joaquim Gea, Andrés Esteban, and Esther Barreiro Early changes in redox balance induced by high tidal volume mechanical ventilation were characterized by increased oxidative stress and inflammation in the lungs, while causing a decline in these phenomena in the diaphragm and limb muscles. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	384
Estrogen Is Renoprotective <i>via</i> a Nonreceptor-dependent Mechanism after Cardiac Arrest <i>In Vivo</i> Michael P. Hutchens, Takaaki Nakano, Yasuharu Kosaka, Jennifer Dunlap, Wenri Zhang, Paco S. Herson, Stephanie J. Murphy, Sharon Anderson, and Patricia D. Hurn No preventive or treatment for acute kidney injury exists. We found that female mice are protected from acute kidney injury after cardiac arrest by estrogen, but this effect is not mediated by the estrogen receptor.	395
PAIN MEDICINE	
Coding of Incisional Pain in the Brain: A Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging Study in Human Volunteers Esther M. Pogatzki-Zahn, Christian Wagner, Anne Meinhardt-Renner, Markus Burgmer, Christian Beste, Peter K. Zahn, and Bettina Pfleiderer In this functional magnetic resonance study, we characterized a distinct temporal activation pattern of a cortical pain network during and after a standardized experimental incision in healthy male volunteers.	406
Direct Evidence for the Ongoing Brain Activation by Enhanced Dynorphinergic System in the Spinal Cord under Inflammatory Noxious Stimuli Yasuko Taketa, Keiichi Niikura, Yasuhisa Kobayashi, Masaharu Furuya, Toshikazu Shimizu, Michiko Narita, Satoshi Imai, Naoko Kuzumaki, Yoshie Maitani, Mitsuaki Yamazaki, Eiichi Inada, Masako Iseki, Tsutomu Suzuki, and Minoru Narita This study is the first to clarify the ongoing brain activation in the early phase of inflammatory pain associated with an endogenous dynorphinergic pathway in an animal pain model by means of neuroimaging technology.	418
Phenyl N-tert-butylnitrone, a Free Radical Scavenger, Reduces Mechanical Allodynia in Chemotherapy-induced Neuropathic Pain in Rats Hee Kee Kim, Yan Ping Zhang, Young Seob Gwak, and Salahadin Abdi Administration of phenyl N-tert-butylnitrone, a free radical scavenger, prevented and ameliorated the pain behavior in the chemotherapy-induced neuropathic pain model in rats.	432
EDUCATION	
ASE SCENARIO Increased End-tidal Carbon Dioxide: A Diagnostic Dilemma Timothy J. Tautz, Albert Urwyler, and Joseph F. Antognini	440

Continued on page 18A

IIVI	Anterior Mediastinal Mass Ulrike Berth and J. Lance Lichtor	447
AN	IESTHESIA LITERATURE REVIEW	448
CL	INICAL CONCEPTS AND COMMENTARY Postoperative Noninvasive Ventilation Samir Jaber, Gerald Chanques, and Boris Jung	453
	WIEW ARTICLES Hypercapnia and Acidosis in Sepsis: A Double-edged Sword? Gerard Curley, Maya Contreras, Alistair D. Nichol, Brendan D. Higgins, and John G. Laffey Hypercapnia is an integral component of protective lung ventilation strategies for acute respiratory distress syndrome. Hypercapnia may retard the host response to bacteria, a beneficial effect in early sepsis, but potentially deleterious in prolonged sepsis.	462
CME	Ultrasound Imaging for Regional Anesthesia in Infants, Children, and Adolescents: A Review of Current Literature and Its Application in the Practice of Extremity and Trunk Blocks Ban C. H. Tsui and Santhanam Suresh This review presents a summary of relevant anatomy, techniques used, and outcomes (based on controlled or comparative studies) as described in the current published literature on ultrasound guidance of extremity and trunk blocks in pediatrics.	473
CA	SE REPORT Persistent Cortical Blindness after a Thoracic Epidural Test Dose of Bupivacaine W. Anton Visser, Joy Bach Kolling, Gerbrand J. Groen, Eric Tetteroo, Ron van Dijl, Peter M. J. Rosseel, and Nardo J. M. van der Meer	493
	CORRESPONDENCE	
	Airway Collapse or Closure <i>via</i> the Soft Palate as Mechanism of Obstruction in Sedated Patients? Paul Martin Kempen	496
	In Reply David R. Hillman, Jennifer Walsh, Kathleen Maddison, Peter R. Platt, William J. Noffsinger, and Peter R. Eastwood	
	Venous Air Embolism during Total Laparoscopic Hysterectomy Gregory Dubar and Marc Fischler	497
	In Reply Chang Seok Kim, Ji Young Kim, Ja-Young Kwon, Seung Ho Choi, Sungwon Na, Jiwon An, and Ki Jun Kim	
	Anesthetic Effects and Lipid Resuscitation Protocols Harvey J. Woehlck and Mohammad El-Orbany	499
	In Reply Shawn D. Hicks, Clifton W. Callaway, Donald R. Miller, and James J. Menegazzi	
	Insertion of the i-gel TM Airway Obstructed by the Tongue Susheela Taxak and Ajith Gopinath In Reply	500
	Lorenz Theiler and Robert Greif	

Continued on page 20A

What about the Surgery? Michal Barak	501
In Reply Daniel I. Sessler	
■ ANESTHESIOLOGY REFLECTIONS	
The Lungmotor for Adults George S. Bause	281
Charles T. Jackson in "Ballou's Pictorial" George S. Bause	304
Young's Maquette by Rhind of Crawford Long George S. Bause	439
■ REVIEWS OF EDUCATIONAL MATERIAL	503
■ ANNOUNCEMENTS	505
■ AWARDS	507
■ CLASSIFIED ADS	508

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