ANESTHESIOLOGY





ON THE COVER:

Frailty is a risk factor for adverse postoperative outcomes. Hospitals that perform higher volumes of surgery have better outcomes than low-volume providers. In this issue of ANESTHESIOLOGY, McIsaac *et al.* found that frail patients have reduced survival and increased failure to rescue when they undergo operations at hospitals having a lower volume of frail surgical patients. In an accompanying Editorial View, Wang and Wunsch discuss this study as a first step toward elucidating the best care options for frail patients who require surgery.

- McIsaac et al.: Association of the Hospital Volume of Frail Surgical Patients Cared for with Outcomes after Elective, Major Noncardiac Surgery: A Retrospective Population-based Cohort Study, p. 602
- Wang and Wunsch: Hospital Experience Caring for the Frail: A New Concern for Surgical Patients, p. 575

1A
13A
16A
575
577
579
582
585

Refers to This Month in Anesthesiology

SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

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	PERIOPERATIVE MEDICINE	
CLI	NICAL SCIENCE	
◇◆ ⊕ 	Association of the Hospital Volume of Frail Surgical Patients Cared for with Outcomes after Elective, Major Noncardiac Surgery: A Retrospective Population-based Cohort Study D. I. McIsaac, D. N. Wijeysundera, A. Huang, G. L. Bryson, and C. van Walraven	602
	In a retrospective analysis of 63,381 frail patients, the authors evaluated the associations between hospital surgical volume of frail patients and 30-day survival. Adjusted survival was significantly improved in the highest volume quintile compared to the lowest: hazard ratio 0.51 (95% CI, 0.35 to 0.74). Survival among frail patients was best in centers that care for large numbers of frail surgical patients. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	
• •	Adding Examples to the ASA-Physical Status Classification Improves Correct Assignment to	
	Patients E. E. Hurwitz, M. Simon, S. R. Vinta, C. F. Zehm, S. M. Shabot, A. Minhajuddin, and A. E. Abouleish	614
	This study demonstrates that the use of American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA)—approved examples of ASA-Physical Status designations in addition to the descriptions enhances correct assignments of ASA-Physical Status to patients. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	
	Validation and Calibration of the Risk Stratification Index G. F. Chamoun, L. Li, N. G. Chamoun, V. Saini, and D. I. Sessler	623
	Risk stratification performance was largely unchanged by additional diagnostic and procedural codes and only slightly worsened by restricting analysis to codes present on admission. The Risk Stratification Index, after calibration, thus provides excellent discrimination and calibration for important health services outcomes and metrics.	
$\Diamond \oplus$	1 \	
	Patients H. Bomberg, M. Klingele, S. Wagenpfeil, E. Spanuth, T. Volk, D. I. Sessler, HJ. Schäfers, and H. V. Groesdonk	631
	Elevated preoperative plasma presepsin concentration is an independent predictor of postoperative mortality in elective cardiac surgery patients and is a stronger predictor than several other commonly used assessments. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	
	High-sensitivity Cardiac Troponin Elevation after Electroconvulsive Therapy:	
	A Prospective, Observational Cohort Study A. Duma, S. Pal, J. Johnston, M. A. Helwani, A. Bhat, B. Gill, J. Rosenkvist, C. Cartmill, F. Brown, J. P. Miller, M. G. Scott, F. Sanchez-Conde, M. Jarvis, N. B. Farber, C. F. Zorumski, C. Conway, and P. Nagele	643
	This prospective cohort study of 100 patients undergoing electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) demonstrated that (1) most patients did not develop a high-sensitivity cardiac troponin I (hscTnI) elevation after ECT; (2) median hscTnI values did not change after ECT, both when measured immediately and 2 h after ECT; and (3) a small subset of patients developed new hscTnI elevation after ECT, indicative of myocardial injury.	
BAS	SIC SCIENCE	
$\Diamond \spadesuit \oplus$	Anesthetic Neuroprotection in Experimental Stroke in Rodents: A Systematic Review and	
	Meta-analysis D. P. Archer, A. M. Walker, S. K. McCann, J. J. Moser, and R. M. Appireddy	653
	Anesthetic administration significantly reduced cerebral injury in experimental models of stroke. Neuroprotection was apparent in young male animals but not in female animals or in animals with comorbidity. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	
	Ketamine Increases the Function of γ -Aminobutyric Acid Type A Receptors in Hippocampal and Cortical Neurons	666

Ketamine increased tonic inhibitory currents in isolated mouse hippocampal and cortical neurons with minimal effects on synaptic γ -aminobutyric acid (GABA) type A (GABA_A) receptors. Ketamine has GABA_A receptor subtype-specific effects that result in selective potentiation of extrasynaptic GABA_A receptor–mediated tonic inhibition.

D.-S. Wang, A. Penna, and B. A. Orser

	CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE	
CLI	NICAL SCIENCE	
	Spontaneous Breathing during Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation in Acute Respiratory Failure S. Crotti, N. Bottino, G. M. Ruggeri, E. Spinelli, D. Tubiolo, A. Lissoni, A. Protti, and L. Gattinoni	678
	Spontaneous breathing was possible in most during bridge to transplant (100%) or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (86%) but in less than 30% of acute respiratory distress syndrome, and in half of these, dyspnea persisted despite carbon dioxide removal. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT	
	PAIN MEDICINE	
CLI	NICAL SCIENCE	
	Impact of Pain on Incident Risk of Disability in Elderly Japanese: Cause-specific Analysis Y. Kaiho, Y. Sugawara, K. Sugiyama, Y. Tomata, Y. Endo, H. Toyama, M. Yamauchi, and I. Tsuji	688
	Moderate pain increased the risk of functional disability by 15% and severe pain increased the risk by 31%. Risk was especially great for joint disease and fractures.	
\Diamond	Respiratory Effects of the Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ Peptide and Opioid Receptor Agonist, Cebranopadol, in Healthy Human Volunteers A. Dahan, M. Boom, E. Sarton, J. Hay, G. J. Groeneveld, M. Neukirchen, J. Bothmer, L. Aarts, and E. Olofsen	697
	In a phase 1 clinical trial of oral cebranopadol, its potency for respiratory depression was three times that for analgesia measured by an experimental electrical pain model. The blood-effect-site equilibration half-life for respiratory depression was estimated to be 1.2 h while that for analgesia was 8.1 h. The model estimate for minimum ventilation was more than zero.	
BAS	SIC SCIENCE	
	Opioid-type Respiratory Depressant Side Effects of Cebranopadol in Rats Are Limited by Its Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ Peptide Receptor Agonist Activity K. Linz, W. Schröder, S. Frosch, and T. Christoph	708
	A selective nociceptin/orphanin FQ (NOP) receptor antagonist (J-113397) exaggerated the respiratory depressant effect of cebranopadol, providing the first evidence that the NOP receptor agonist activity of cebranopadol is responsible for limiting the respiratory depressant effect of its μ -opioid receptor agonist activity in rats.	
	EDUCATION	
IMA	AGES IN ANESTHESIOLOGY	
	Examining the Edges of Extravasation Y. S. Bronshteyn and E. A. Bittner	716
	Acquired Bronchoesophageal Fistula and Gastroesophageal Junction Mass K. N. Hiller, P. G. Loubser, H. S. Minkowitz, and M. T. Goldstein	717
ORI	IGINAL INVESTIGATIONS IN EDUCATION	
\	Standard Setting for Clinical Performance of Basic Perioperative Transesophageal Echocardiography: Moving beyond the Written Test	718

These data suggest that collection of real-world anesthesia resident basic perioperative transesophageal echocardiography clinical performance data is possible and that automated grading for competency assessment is feasible.

J. S. Bick, J. P. Wanderer, C. S. Myler, A. D. Shaw, and M. D. McEvoy

CONTENTS

CLINICAL CONCEPTS AND COMMENTARY	
Perioperative Use of Intravenous Lidocaine L. K. Dunn and M. E. Durieux	729
Perioperative lidocaine infusion improves analgesia and recovery after some surgical procedures, possibly through systemic antiinflammatory effects. This commentary provides the clinician with evidence for rational use of perioperative lidocaine infusion in procedures where it is of demonstrated benefit.	
REVIEW ARTICLE	
 Cricoid Pressure Controversies: Narrative Review M. R. Salem, A. Khorasani, A. Zeidan, and G. J. Crystal 	738
This review synthesizes available information to identify, address, and attempt to resolve the controversial issues related to the cricoid pressure maneuver that have arisen since its introduction into clinical practice in 1961.	
MIND TO MIND	
Eulogy of the Scions of Jim Crow E. Hanson	753
Formal Diagnosis E. B. Baker	755
■ CORRESPONDENCE	
Lung-protective Role of Halogenated Anesthetics: Is It Time to Change This Hypothesis? F. de la Gala, I. Garutti, P. Piñeiro, and A. Reyes In Reply B. Beck-Schimmer and M. Puhan ANESTHESIOLOGY REFLECTIONS FROM THE WOOD LIBRARY-MUSEUM	756
Conical Relief from Airway Threats: The Chloroform Cone of Trendelenburg George S. Bause	584
"Fresh" Laughing Gas or "Wonderful" Odontunder from Dr. Ira W. Stoughton George S. Bause	613
From Basket to Casket? The Basket Bearer of Belladonna for Liebig Company Processing George S. Bause	665
Ziherl, Kish, and Hingson's "Portable Anesthesia Machine, Oxygen Inhalator and Resuscitator" George S. Bause	677
From Chloroform to Home Rule: Queen Victoria Rides One Wave and Resists Another George S. Bause	737
■ ERRATUM	758
■ CAREERS & EVENTS	17A

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